§ 141.103

or agency, or an authorized representative thereof, no deposit of estimated Customs duties or taxes shall be required if a stipulation is furnished in lieu of the bond. The proper department or agency will then be billed after liquidation of the entry for any duties or charges due. The stipulation shall be in the following form:

	I,	(title),
a	duly authorized representative of the	e ——

(name of U.S. Government department or agency) stipulate and agree on behalf of such department or agency that all applicable provisions of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and the regulations thereunder, and of all other laws and regulations, relating to

entry No. _____, of _____(date)
will be observed and complied with in all respects

(Signature)

[T.D. 73–175, 38 FR 17447, July 2, 1973, as amended by T.D. 78–329, 43 FR 43455, Sept. 26, 1978; T.D. 84–213, 49 FR 41184, Oct. 19, 1984; T.D. 89–65, 54 FR 28414, July 6, 1989; T.D. 92–31, 57 FR 10989, Apr. 1, 1992]

§141.103 Amount to be deposited.

Estimated duties shall be deposited in an amount to sufficiently cover the prospective duties on each item being entered or withdrawn.

[T.D. 73–175, 38 FR 17447, July 2, 1973, as amended by T.D. 99–64, 64 FR 43266, Aug. 10, 1999]

§141.104 Computation of duties.

In computing estimated duties, fractional parts of dollars and quantities shall be rounded off in accordance with \$159.3 of this chapter.

[T.D. 73–175, 38 FR 17447, July 2, 1973, as amended by T.D. 99–64, 64 FR 43266, Aug. 10, 1999]

§ 141.105 Voluntary deposit of additional duties.

If either the importer of record or the actual owner whose declaration and superseding bond have been filed in accordance with §141.20 desires, he may estimate, on the basis of information contained in the entry papers or obtainable from the port director, the

probable amount of unpaid duties which will be found due on the entire entry and deposit them in whole or in part with the port director. The deposit shall be tendered in writing in the following form in the number of copies required for the purposes of local administration, and an official receipt shall be given for the deposit:

Date

To the Port Director			
	voluntarily made of lemental deposit of es-		
timated duties and	taxes on		
entry No.	, dated , in		
the name of . Please provide an			
official receipt.			
(Importer of reco	ord) or (actual owner)		
(Street a	ddress)		
(City)	(State)		

Subpart H—Release of Merchandise

§141.111 Carrier's release order.

- (a) When required. Except where release is made directly to the carrier in accordance with §141.11(b), no merchandise shall be released from Customs custody until a release order has been executed by the carrier, or, in the case of merchandise in a bonded warehouse, by the warehouse proprietor.
- (b) Form of release. The release order may be executed on any of the following documents:
 - (1) [Reserved]
 - (2) The official entry form;
- (3) A combined carrier's certificate and release order issued in accordance with §141.11(a)(4); or
- (4) If a certified duplicate bill of lading or air waybill is used for entry purposes in accordance with §141.11(a)(3), the carrier's release order may be endorsed thereon in substantially the following form:

In accordance with the provisions of section 484(j), Tariff Act of 1930, authority is hereby given to release the articles covered by this certified duplicate bill of lading or air waybill to:

(c) Blanket release order. Merchandise may be released to the person named in the bill of lading or air waybill in the absence of a specific release order from

the carrier, if the carrier concerned has filed a blanket order authorizing release to the owner or consignee in such cases. A carrier's certificate in the form shown in §141.11(a)(4), may be modified and executed to make it a blanket release order for the shipments covered by a blanket carrier's release order under §141.11(a)(5).

- (d) Qualified release order. In the case of merchandise which is entered for warehousing, for transportation in bond, for exportation, or is to be admitted to a foreign trade zone, the release order may be qualified as follows:
- (1) "For transfer to the bonded warehouse designated in the warehouse entry," if the merchandise is entered for warehousing;
- (2) "For transfer to the bonded carrier designated in the transportation entry," if the merchandise is entered for transportation in bond;
- (3) "For transfer to the carrier designated in the export entry," if the merchandise is entered for exportation; or
- (4) "For transfer to the foreign trade zone designated in Customs Form 214," if the merchandise is to be admitted to a foreign trade zone.

[T.D. 73–175, 38 FR 17447, July 2, 1973, as amended by T.D. 78–394, 43 FR 49788, Oct. 25, 1978; T.D. 86–16, 51 FR 5063, Feb. 11, 1986; T.D. 87–75, 52 FR 20068, May 29, 1987; T.D. 90–87, 55 FR 47052, Nov. 9, 1990]

§ 141.112 Liens for freight, charges, or contribution in general average.

- (a) *Definitions*. The following are general definitions for the purposes of this section:
- (1) Freight. "Freight" means the charges for the transportation of the goods from the place of shipment in the foreign country to the final destination in the United States.
- (2) Charges. "Charges" means the charges due to or assumed by the claimant of the lien which are incident to the shipment and forwarding of the goods to the destination in the United States, but does not include the purchase price, whether advanced or to be collected, nor other claims not connected with the transportation of the goods.
- (3) General average. "General average" means the liability to contribu-

tion of the owners of a cargo which arises when a sacrifice of a part of such cargo has been made for the preservation of the residue or when money is expended to preserve the whole. It only arises from actions impelled by necessity.

- (4) Claimant. "Claimant" means a carrier, customs broker or the successors or assigns of either.
- (b) Notice of lien. A notice of lien for freight, charges, or contribution in general average pursuant to section 564, Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1564), shall be filed with the port director on Customs Form 3485, signed by the authorized agent of the claimant and certified by him.
- (c) Preliminary notice of lien for contribution in general average. When the cargo of a vessel is subject to contribution in general average, a preliminary notice thereof may be filed with the port director and individual notices of lien filed thereafter. Upon receipt of a preliminary notice, the port director shall withhold release of any merchandise imported in the vessel for 2 days (exclusive of Sunday and holidays) after such merchandise is taken into Customs custody, unless proof is submitted that the claim for contribution in general average has been paid or secured.
- (d) Merchandise entered for immediate transportation. A notice of lien upon merchandise entered for immediate transportation shall be filed by the claimant with the port director at the destination.
- (e) Limitations on acceptance of notice of lien. A notice of lien shall be rejected and returned with the reason for rejection noted thereon if it is filed after any of the following actions have been taken concerning the merchandise:
 - (1) Release from Customs custody;
- (2) Forfeiture under any provision of law;
- (3) Sale as unclaimed or abandoned merchandise under section 491 or 559, Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1491 or 1559); or
- (4) Receipt and acceptance of a notice of abandonment to the Government under section 506(1) or 563(b), Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1506(1) or 1563(b)).